Cover Crop Interseeding in Grain Corn using a Modified Drill

Daniel H. Smith¹, Matthew D. Ruark², Francisco J. Arriaga², Vince M. Davis³;

1-Department of Agronomy University of Wisconsin-Madison; 2- Department of Soil Science University of Wisconsin-Madison; 3-BASF Corporation

Background

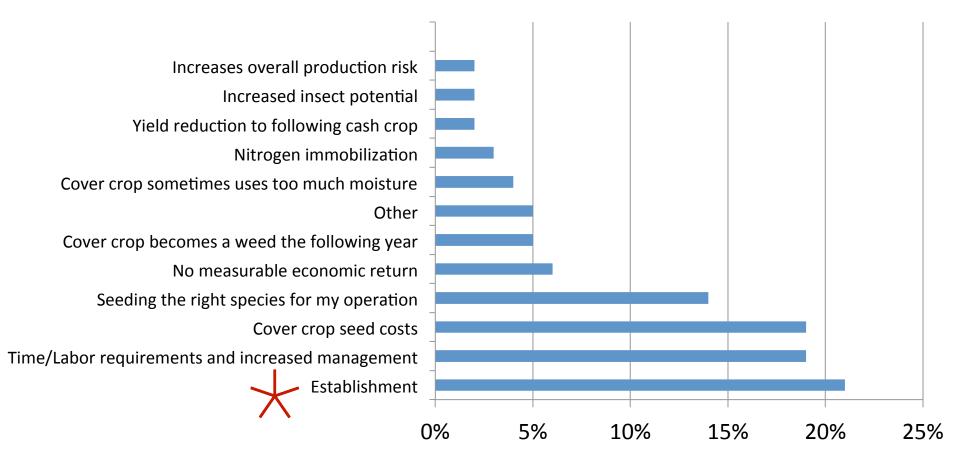
- Cover crops are of increasing interest to producers in Wisconsin due to many agronomic benefits.
- Cover crops easily establish after wheat and silage corn.
- Establishment difficult following grain corn in WI.



Cover Crop Challenges

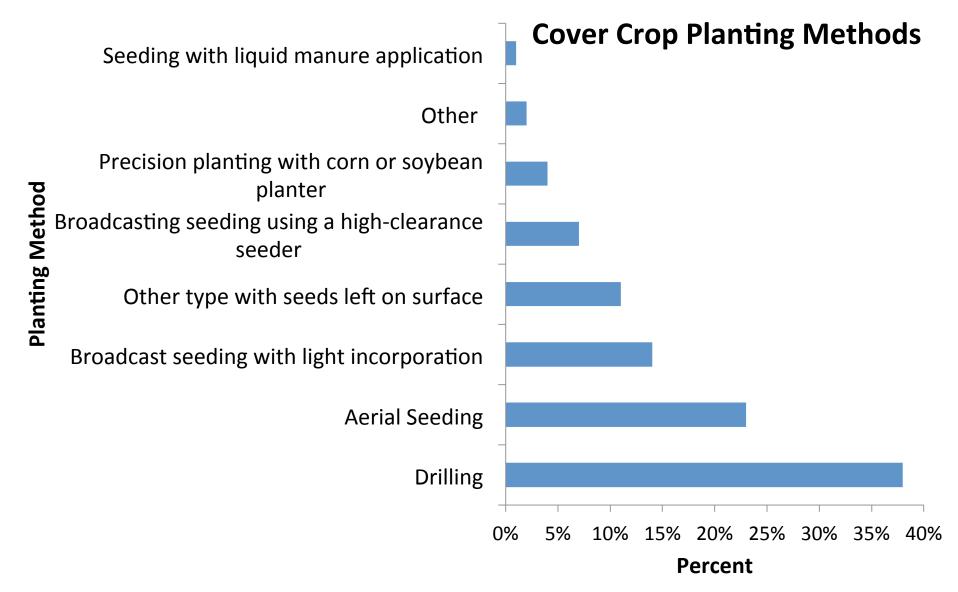
The SARE/CITC survey asked farmers what their biggest challenges with cover crops have been. >21% of respondents indicated establishment biggest challenge!





How Farmers Establish Cover Crops

The SARE/CITC survey asked farmers how they establish their cover crops.



Objective

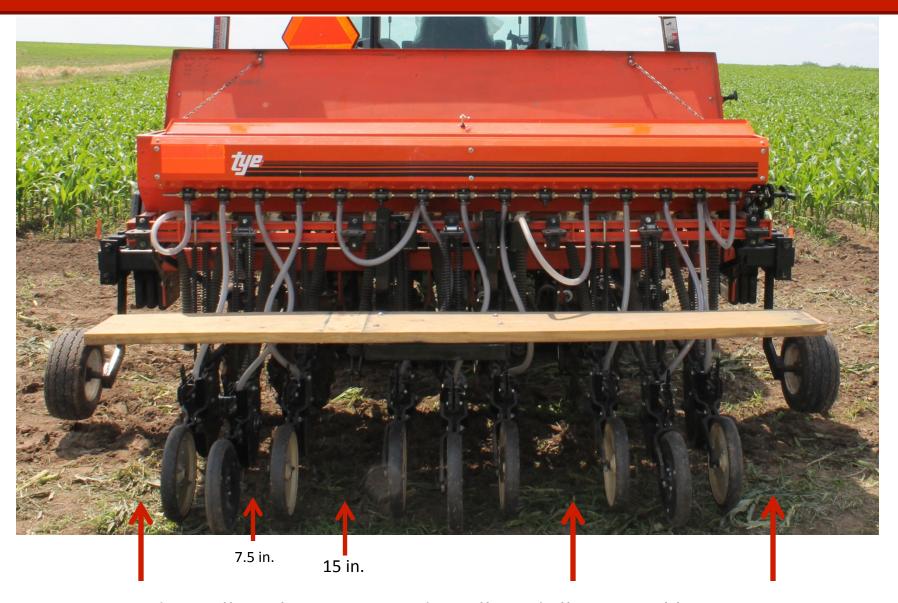
To determine if interseeding is possible utilizing a no-till drill in Wisconsin and if the cover crop will survive till corn grain harvest.

Materials and Methods

- Corn trials established in Arlington, WI in spring 2014 and 2015.
- RCBD with 4 replications and each rep included nontreated control.

	Dates		
	2014	2015	
Corn planting	June 10 th	May 4 th	
Glyphosate application	July 11 th	May 28 th	
Cover crop planting Row Cultivation	July 14 th	June 6 th	
Corn Harvest	October 28th	November 9th	

Drill Modification



4 row units and no-till coulters removed to allow drill to travel between 30 in. rows

Seeding Data

	Winter rye	Oats + peas mix	Red clover	Radish
Depth (in)	1	1	0.25	0.25
Seeding Rate (Ib/ac -1)	120	90 oats 30 peas	12	12

Species Selection



Cover Crop Establishment

Cover crops planted into V5 corn 7/14/14 and 6/24/15





Winter Rye 7/28/14



Cover Crops 8/27/14



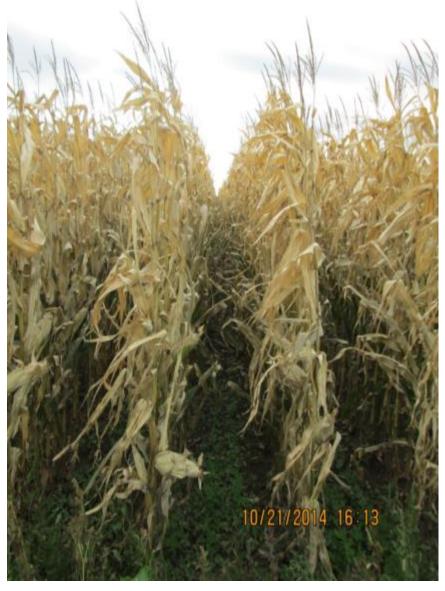






Radish and Red Clover 10/20/14





Post Harvest 11/8/14

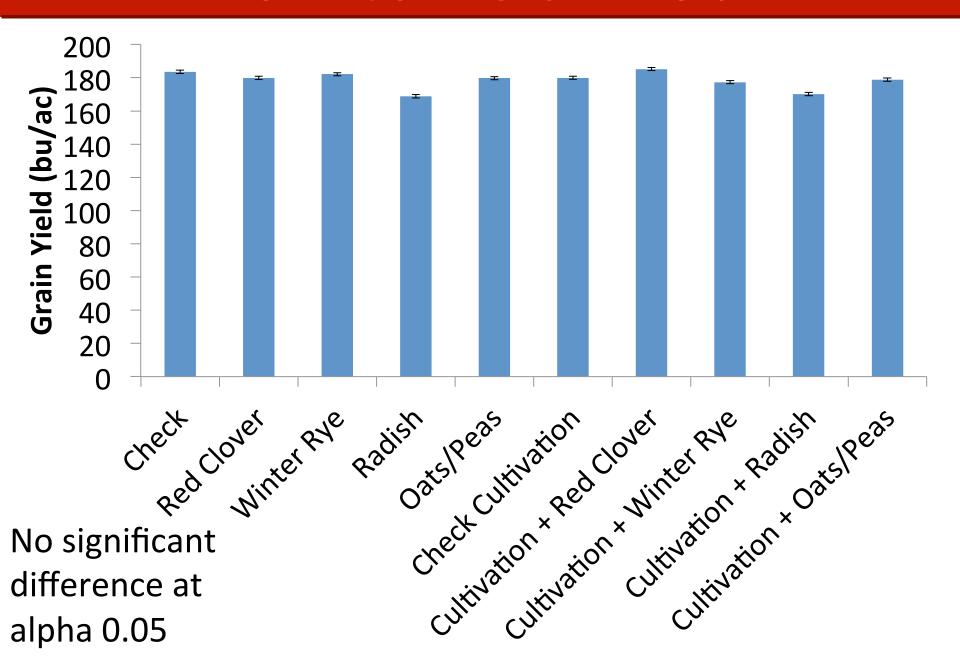


Spring 2015



Winter rye survived winter 2014-2014 . Photo taken 5/12/15

2014 Corn Grain Yield



Summer 2015







Winter Rye

Radish

Red Clover

Harvest 2015



Winter Rye

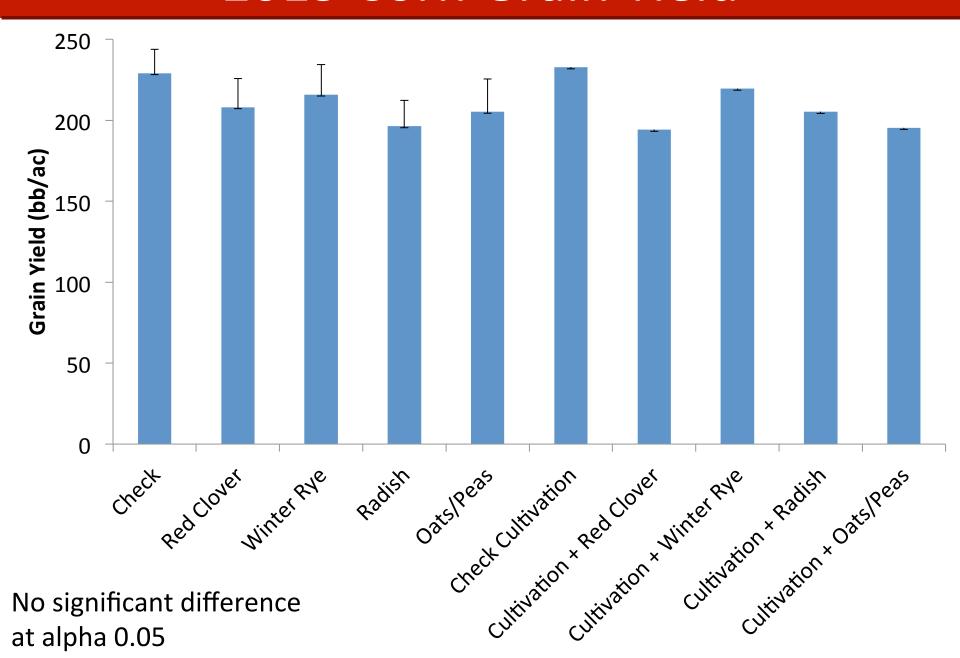


Radish



Red Clover

2015 Corn Grain Yield



Cover Crop Biomass At Grain Harvest

Cover Crop	2014 Biomass	2015 Biomass
		lb ac ⁻¹
Red Clover	229 (137-311)	511 (200-899)
Winter Rye	209 (51-334)	485 (214-971)
Radish	900 (303-1944)	635 (57-1014)
Oat/Pea	201 (59-504)	21 (14-29)

¹Biomass weight (data range across plots)

Conclusions

- Interseeding has the potential to be a successful cover crop planting practice in Wisconsin.
- Trials were established under ideal soil and environmental conditions.



Future

Future research will focus on evaluating the soil conservation, soil carbon building, and potential N credits obtained with interseeding these cover crops.



More Info....



http://ipcm.wisc.edu/

Acknowledgments

- Thank you to advising committee members Drs. Vince Davis, Francisco Arriaga, Mark Renz, and Matt Ruark
- Wisconsin cover crop seed provided by Lacrosse Seed
- A special thanks to Dr. Elizabeth Bosak, the Arlington Agriculture Research Station Staff, and all graduate and undergraduate research assistants for their technical assistance





