Year: 1998/1999

Title: Evaluation of Seeding Establishment Success with Winter Rye as a Cover Crop

Following Corn Silage

Purpose: Soil and water losses are a concern following corn silage harvest where

conservation tillage is not in place on erosion prone slopes. The purpose of this project was to compare establishment success with winter rye seeded after corn

silage using several variations of broadcast and drill seeding.

Cooperating Agent/Coordinator: Scott Hendrickson/Tolif Hunt

Cooperating Farmer: Jay Fitzgerald

Location: Manitowoc County

Previous Crop: Corn

Soil Type: Kewaunee

Soil Test: pH - 7.5

P - 43 ppm K - 236 ppm

Tillage: Fall moldboard, spring field cultivate (1x)

Planting Date: May 22

Hybrid: Pioneer 39F06

Population: 33,000

Row Spacing: 30"

Fertility Program: 120 lb/A nitrogen as urea

100 lb/A 9-23-30 at planting

Herbicide Program:	Material Rate		Method	Date	
	North Star	4 oz/A	postemergence	June 22	
	Accent	.33 oz/A	postemergence	June 22	

Harvest Date: September 15

Treatments: 1. Broadcast: Chisel plowing with sweep attachments followed silage harvest. Rye was broadcast at 150 pounds/A with a Tyler commercial fertilizer spreader.

- 2. Broadcast: Following silage harvest, rye was broadcast at 150 pounds/A and then chisel plowed with sweep attachments.
- 3. No-Till Drill: Rye was drilled at 150 pounds/A with a John Deere no-till drill following silage harvest.

Plot Design: RCB, three replications

Results:

Table 1. Winter Rye Canopy Cover Comparisons on 11/2/98 and 4/15/99 Using Several Variations of Broadcast and Drill Seeding, Manitowoc, WI

Treatment	Planting Date	Winter Rye canopy cover, 11/2/98	Winter Rye canopy cover, 4/15/99
		%	%
1. Broadcast	September 18	22	82
2. Broadcast	September 18	22	82
3. No-Till Drill	September 18	29	88
Maria		24	04
Mean		24	84
Canopy cover CV (%)		1.8	2.2
LSD 5%		3.2	4.1

Winter rye canopy cover using the no-till drill was significantly greater than the broadcast treatments. All treatments provided successful establishment.

Winter rye no-till drilled at 150 lbs/A after corn silage harvest

