





SCAB (HEAD BLIGHT)

Pathogen: Fusarium spp. Mostly Fusarium graminearum

Symptoms:

- ✓ Usually first detected soon after flowering
- ✓ White head, while leaves and stems may remain green
- ✓ Often, only part of the head is attacked
- ✓ Bleached Spikelets often with a salmon-pink tint
- ✓ Stem directly below the head may turn to chocolate brown color
- ✓ Kernels above the infected spikelets may be shriveled
- ✓ Kernels are shrunken and chalky or pink in color
- ✓ Tombstone or light weight kernels
- ✓ Barren spikelets
- ✓ Mycotoxin





SCAB SEVERITY AND FREQUENCY

- √ Very erratic
- ✓ Depends on wet weather conditions at flowering
- ✓ Happened once every six or seven years in Wisconsin





ALTERNATIVE HOSTS

- ✓ Corn, oats, barley, sorghum, and other grasses
- ✓On corn, it causes root, stalk, and ear rot (giberela)
- ✓On sorghum, it causes stalk rot
- ✓ May cause root rot in small grains





ALTERNATIVE HOSTS

- ✓ Mainly crop residue of small grains and corn
- ✓ During moist weather, spores of the fungi are windblown or splashed onto the heads
- ✓ Seed borne Fusarium spp may cause seedling blight



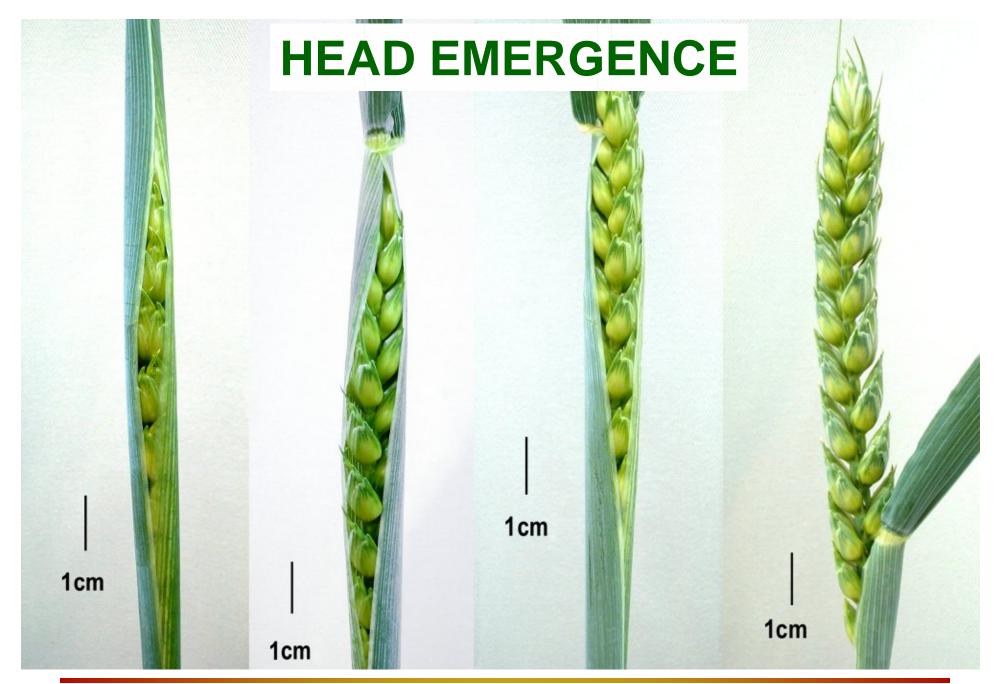


INFECTION

- ✓ From flowering to soft dough stage.
- ✓ Mainly through anthers (flowers).
 Then grow into the kernels, glumes, or other parts of the head.
- ✓ Favored by prolonged periods (48-72 hs) of high humidity and warm temperatures of 75-85 °F.

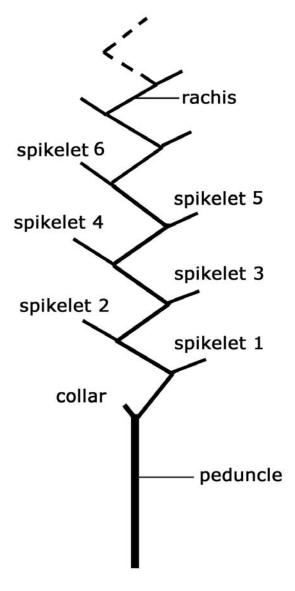












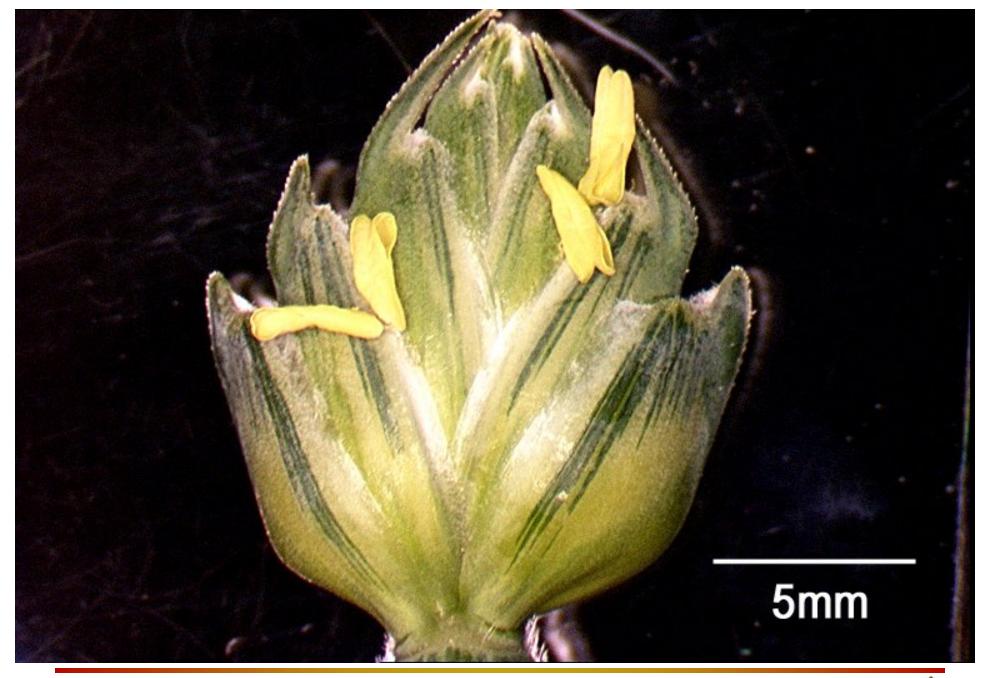








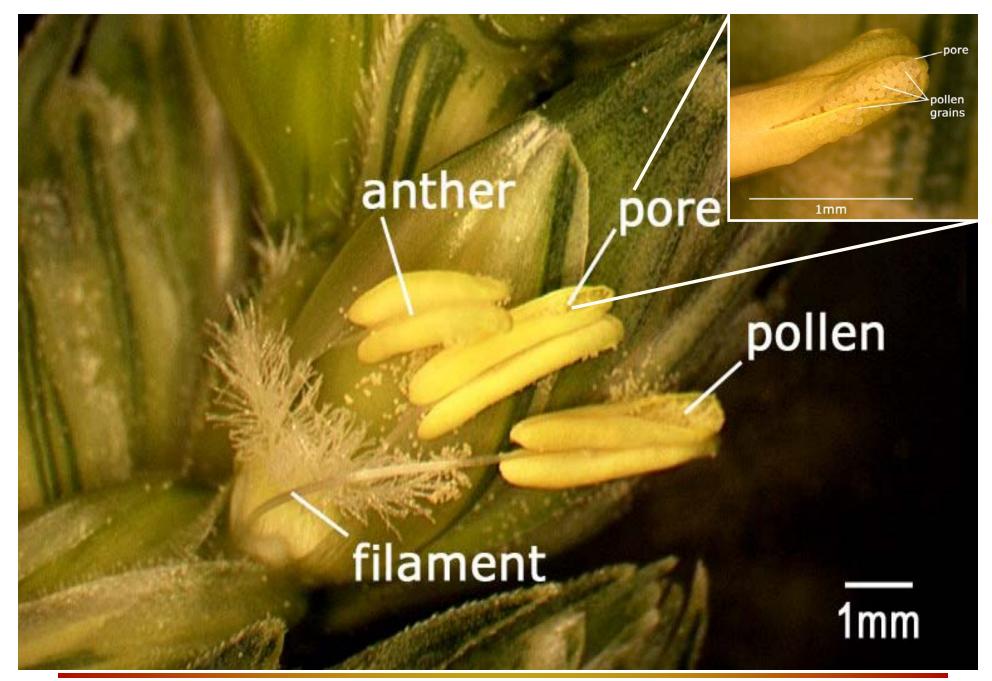






This presentation is available at http://soybean.uwex.edu/























SCAB MANAGEMENT

- √ Variety selection:
 - Some varieties are extremely susceptible
 - No variety is considered highly resistant
 - Choose varieties based on scab ratings from multi-location!
 - Spread risk by choosing varieties with different maturities.
- ✓ Crop rotation with non-host crops (i.e. soybeans)
- √ Chop, bury, or remove crop residue





SCAB MANAGEMENT

- ✓ Seed treatments:
 - Help raise seed germination
 - May prevent or reduce seedling blight
 - DO NOT CONTROL HEAD BLIGHT
- √ Seed cleaning
 - Set combine fans higher during harvest
- √ Foliar fungicides
 - Not cost effective in Wisconsin





