

Wisconsin IR-4 Center: Step One to a Vegetable Crop Label

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IR-4 Obtained Tolerances

- Dimethenamid-P (Outlook[®])
 - Potato, garden beet, onion, horseradish
- Sulfentrazone (Spartan[®])
 - Mint
- Flumioxazin (Chateau[®])
 - Onion, mint
- Halosulfuron-methyl (Sandea[®])
 - Snap beans, dry beans

WFCA

USDA

NPM

IPM

NRCS

CDTC

IR-4?

IRS

IPM

CSREES

WPVGA



Providing Safe and Effective Pest Management Solutions for Specialty Crop Growers

- 1963 mission - “To obtain regulatory clearances for crop protection chemicals on specialty food crops when the incentives for the registrants precluded private sector investment.”

Pesticide Investment



Or





Providing Safe and Effective Pest Management Solutions for Specialty Crop Growers

- 1963 mission - “To obtain regulatory clearances for crop protection chemicals on specialty food crops when the incentives for the registrants precluded private sector investment.”
- 1977 - added pest control products for:
nursery, floral, forestry, Christmas trees, turf
- 1982 - biopesticides

The IR-4 Process

1. Identification of Needs

- Requests from minor crop growers, commodity groups, University scientists
- Submission of a Project Clearance Request

Project Clearance Request (PCR)

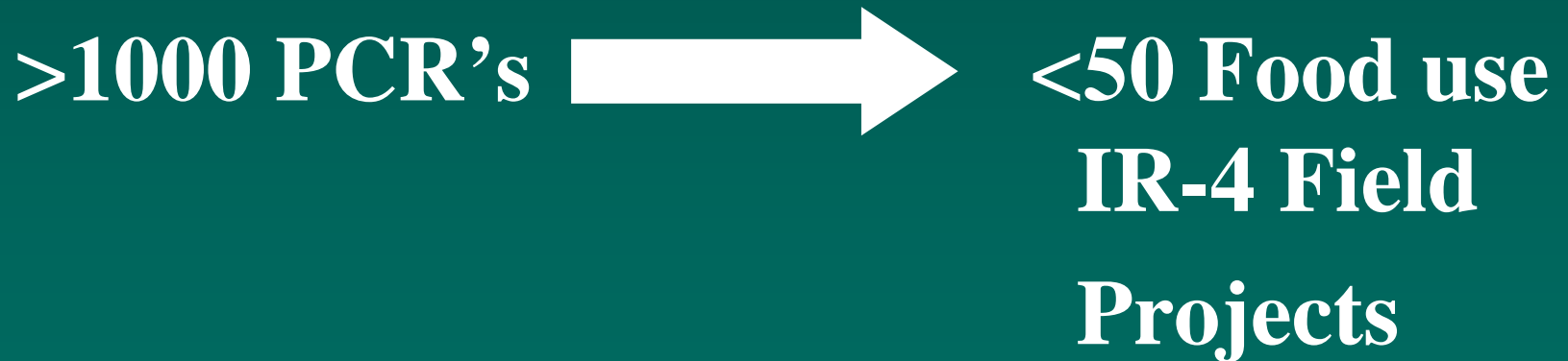
- Requester
- Pesticide
- Crop / Commodity
- Target Pest
- Why Needed

- Rate
- Application Parameters
- Use Directions
- Supporting Data
 - Phytotoxicity
 - Efficacy
 - Yield

The IR-4 Process

2. Prioritization

- >1000 active PCR's
- National Food Use Workshop



The IR-4 Process

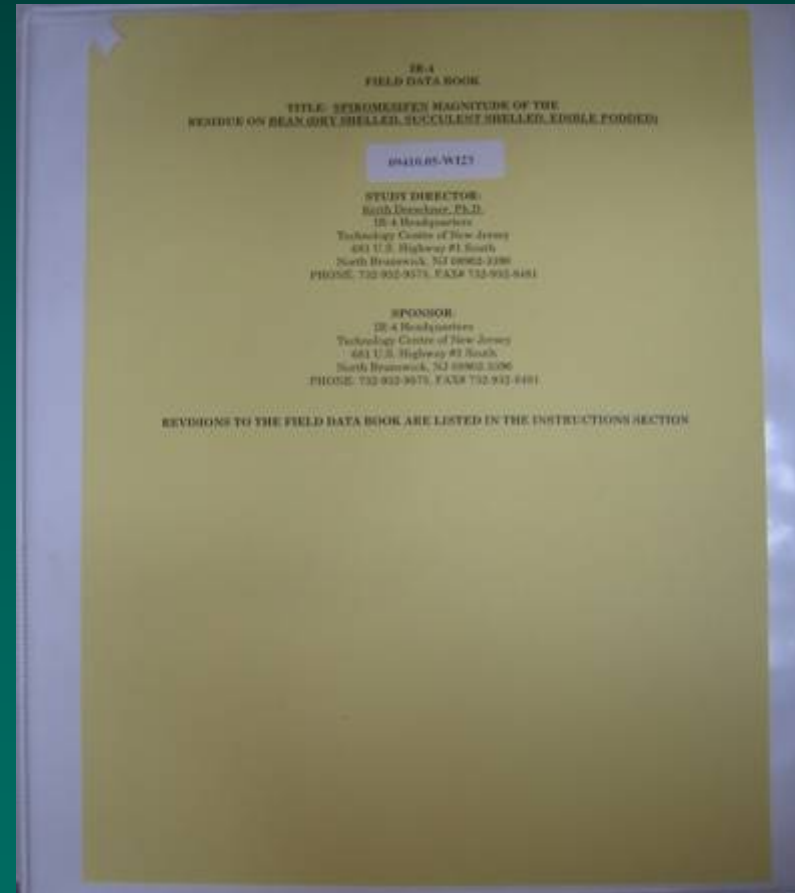
3. Final IR-4 Workplan

- Based on \$\$\$\$\$\$ available
- Headquarters / Regional / ARS Staff

The IR-4 Process

4. Implementation

- Protocol written, crops grown, pesticides applied, samples harvested for residue analysis.
- Field & Lab studies must comply with EPA's Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) requirements.



GLP Requirements

- Development of an approved SOP for each testing facility
- Documenting the training of individuals involved in the study
- Recording written records of all communications involving the field trial
- Receiving and storing the test substance in approved manner and monitoring the test substance storage environment

GLP Requirements

- Test site
 - Reference plot to permanent markers
 - Provide maps of plots and locations
 - Provide soil test data
 - Provide 3 yr crop, pesticide & fertilizer history of the field

GLP Requirements

- Application
 - Complete calibration or recheck of equipment (3 runs) prior to each application
 - Showing all calculations for determining spray mix amounts
 - Reporting environmental conditions
 - Post application calculations of actual amounts applied based on pass time

GLP Requirements

- Harvest Sampling
 - Descriptions of all harvest procedures and equipment
- Storage of sample prior to shipping
 - $< 0^{\circ}\text{F}$ (continuous monitoring of freezer environment)
- Shipping of samples
 - Appropriate chain of custody of samples
- Meteorological Data

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Field Projects

| <u>Active Ingredient</u> | <u>pesticide class</u> | <u>commodity</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| <i>(2,4-DB + Baythroid)</i> | | |
| 2,4-DB + CYFLUTHRIN/LAMBDA | H | ALFALFA - MIX STANDS |
| <i>AZOXYSTROBIN (Quadris)</i> | F | POTATO |
| <i>(Quadris + Tilt)</i> | | |
| AZOXYSTROBIN+PROPICONAZOLE | F | BEAN (SNAP) |
| <i>BUPROFEZIN (Applaud)</i> | I | TOMATO (FIELD & GH) |
| <i>CLOTHIANIDIN (Poncho)</i> | I | CRANBERRY |
| <i>CLOTHIANIDIN (Poncho)</i> | I | CRANBERRY |
| <i>DIMETHENAMID-P (Outlook)</i> | H | BEAN (SNAP) |

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Field Projects (cont.)

| <u>Active Ingredient</u> | <u>pesticide class</u> | <u>commodity</u> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| ETOXAZOLE (<i>TetraSan</i>) | I | CUCUMBER |
| FENPYROXIMATE (<i>AkariTM</i>) | I | PEPPER (BELL & NON-BELL) |
| FLUMIOXAZIN (<i>Chateau</i>) | H | CUCUMBER |
| FLUTOLANIL (<i>Moncut</i>) | F | CABBAGE |
| HALOSULFURON (<i>Sandea</i>) | H | BEAN (DRY) |
| HALOSULFURON (<i>Sandea</i>) | H | BEAN (DRY) |
| INDOXACARB (<i>Avaunt</i>) | I | BEAN (SNAP) |
| OXYFLUORFEN (<i>Goal</i>) | H | TOMATO |
| PROPICONAZOLE (<i>Tilt</i>) | F | MINT |
| PROPICONAZOLE (<i>Tilt</i>) | F | MINT |

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Field Projects (cont.)

| Active Ingredient | pesticide class | commodity |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| PYRACLOSTROBIN (<i>Headline</i>) | F | CABBAGE |
| PYRIPROXYFEN | I | CELERY |
| SPIROMESIFEN (<i>Oberon</i>) | I | BEAN (DRY, SUCCULENT, EDIBLE) |
| SPIROMESIFEN (<i>Oberon</i>) | I | BEAN (DRY, SUCCULENT, EDIBLE) |
| SPIROMESIFEN (<i>Oberon</i>) | I | BEAN (DRY, SUCCULENT, EDIBLE) |
| SPIROMESIFEN (<i>Oberon</i>) | I | PEPPER (BELL & NON-BELL) |
| (<i>Upbeet</i>) | | |
| TRIFLUSULFURON-METHYL | H | BEET (GARDEN) |

The IR-4 Process

5. Petition Preparation

- Critical review of data
- Summarized & prepared as an EPA petition based on field and laboratory results

IR-4 Process

6. EPA petition review & approval

- Preliminary review for completeness of data**
- Health Effects Division**
 - Comprehensive review of all data submitted**
 - Data must show that proposed use will not expose consumers or environment to adverse effects**
 - Tolerance = maximum safe limit of the agricultural chemical in or on the harvested crop that is considered safe and legally acceptable**

IR-4 Process

7. Product Availability

- EPA established tolerance allows the registrants to add the minor crop uses to existing labels

IR-4 Process Timeline

| | | |
|----|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. | Identification of needs | 24 months |
| 2. | Prioritization | 3 months |
| 3. | Final Workplan | |
| 4. | Implementation | 30 months |
| 5. | Petition Preparation | |
| 6. | <u>EPA Petition Review</u> | <u>12-24 months</u> |
| 7. | Product Availability | 5-7 years |

IR-4 Success Story

- Since 1963
 - 8,300 food use clearances
 - 10,600 ornamental clearances
 - 300 biopesticide clearances
- IR-4 clearances account for approx. 50% of all food use approvals granted by EPA

