# Comparison of Soybean Yields in On-Farm Trials vs Small Plot Experiments

Tristan Mueller January 11, 2017





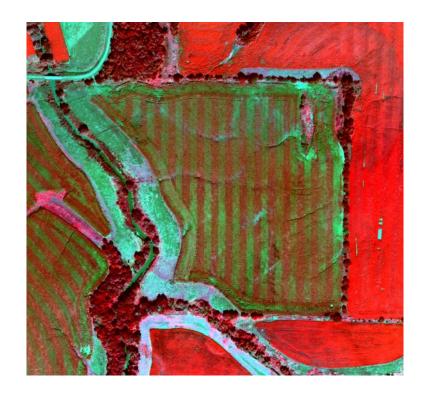
#### Overview

- Small-plot experiments vs On-farm replicated strip trials
  - 1. Clariva seed treatment
  - 2. Fungicide on corn
  - 3. Fungicide on soybeans
- Variance component analyses of random yield variation on soybean fungicide trials
- Power analysis to determine the optimal number of locations, replications and years in future studies



# Replicated Strip Trials

- Sort out true effects of treatments
- Background "Noise" –
   Experimental error
- Statistical analysis
  - Individual trials
  - With multiple trials

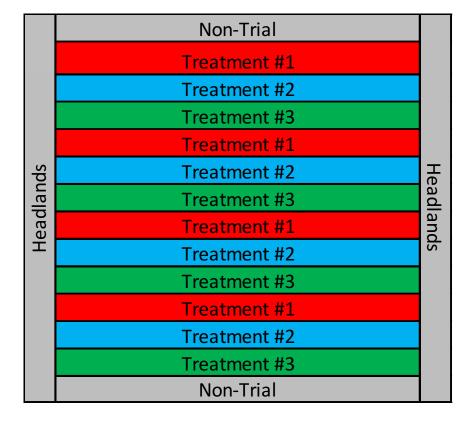




# Basic Trial Setup



- We do not use headlands or field edges
- For almost all of our trials, we limit to 2 or 3 treatments





# Trial Setup - Layout



- 2 and 3 treatment trials are typical
- Most trials follow the rows
- Plot plans (below) can be created for farmer guides or in cases where monitor issues hinder data collection





## Tools

- New technology makes trials much easier
  - Recording application and harvest
  - Equipment sensors, shut-offs, and VRT
  - Computer Programs (i.e. SMS, ArcMap, AgStudio)





# Aerial Imagery

- Quality control
- Identify problem areas
- Treatment effects
- Targeted sampling









#### Online Database

#### On-Farm Network® Replicated Strip Trial Database

#### Description

This database contains summaries of individual replicated strip trials following On-Farm Network protocols. The summaries include essential management information, spatial yield data, and imagery. Scouting, soil and tissue sampling reports are included if available. The interface allows users to query by year, crop, trial type/detail and location.

#### Instructions

#### Watch the Video Tutorial

Limit trial results as desired by selecting one or more values for Year, Crop, Trial Type, Trial Detail, Crop District, Watershed, Landform Region, and County.

Hold the CTRL key and click to select multiple items.

After making all of your selections click Display Results.

If you choose just one crop you will see the average yield difference and also have the option to calculate ROI on the trials.

To reset your selections click Clear Results.

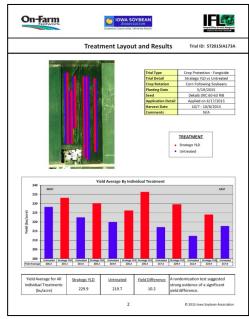


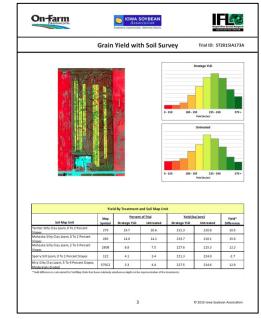
#### www.isafarmnet.com

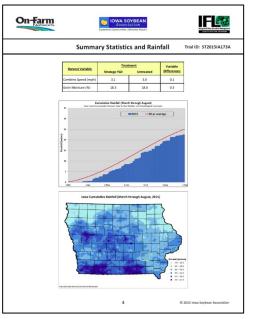


# Basic Steps for Trials





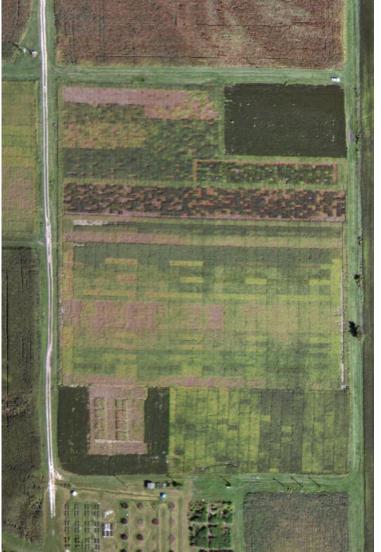






# On-Farm vs small-plot research





# On-Farm vs small-plot research









IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY Extension and Outreach

# Clariva Summary

- Across 49 ISU and ISA locations there was on average a 0.1 bu/A yield response from Clariva
- In 2014-15 there was a significant reduction in SCN reproduction compared to the base seed treatment in both the ISU and ISA trials

<u>Year</u>	<u>Organization</u>	# of Locations	Yield Response (bu/A)	SCN Reduction
2014	ISA	15	0.8*	43%*
2014	ISU	9	0.3	49%*
2015	ISA	16	-0.1	39%*
2015	ISU	9	-0.7	40%
		49	0.1 bu/A	

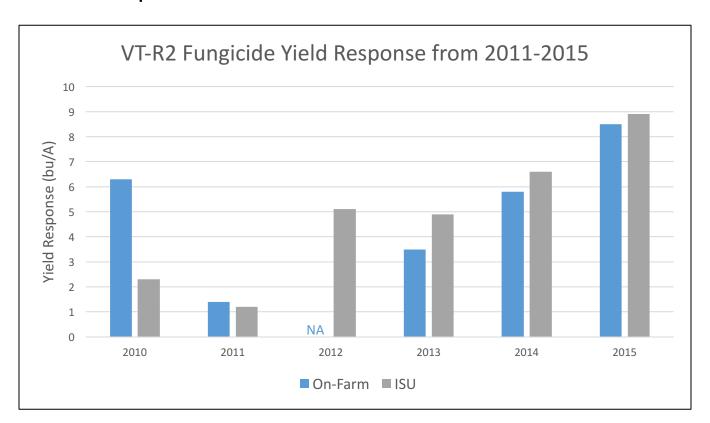
\* Designates significant differences with 10% confidence





# Fungicides on Corn (Vt-R2)

- Yield response by year for VT-R2 GS fungicide applications for ISA On-Farm Network and Iowa State University
- Yearly average yield responses were very similar for on-farm trials compared to small-plot trials







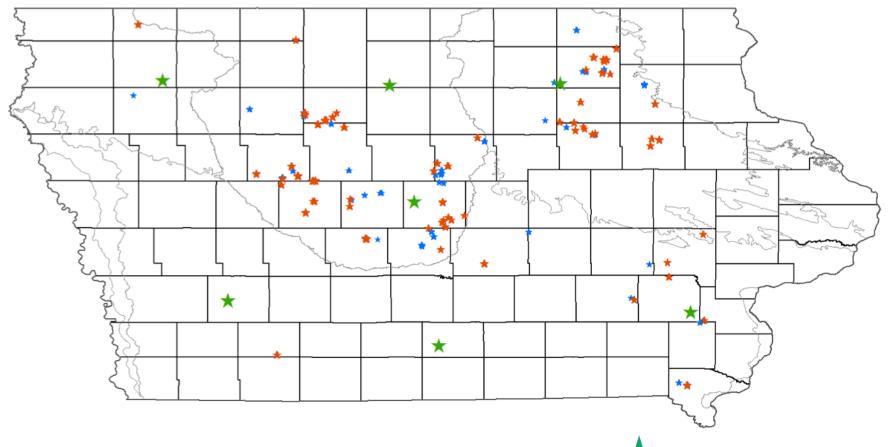
## Fungicide on Soybean

 Yearly average yield responses match very closely for strobilurin or strobilurin mix fungicides at the R3 growth stage for Iowa State University small-plot and on-farm strip trials

Year(s)	ISU (bu/A)	On-Farm (bu/A)	Yield Difference
2008-2011	3.1	2.5	0.6
2012	0.8	0.2	0.6
2013	1.0	0.6	0.4
2014	0.1	1.2	-1.1
2015	2.2	1.9	0.3
2016	2.0	1.6	0.4



## ISA and ISU Headline Trials



#### **Steps**

- 1) Statewide analyses
- 2) Regional analyses: separate ISA trials for central, southeast, and northeast lowa



**ISU Research Stations** 



ISA 2008 trials



ISA 2009 trials

#### ISA On-Farm Trials

- Variance component analysis for ISA on-farm Headline fungicide trials in 2008-2009
- Average yield response was 2.8 bu/acre (90% CI [2.5, 3.3])

Component	Standard deviation bu/acre [90% CI]	Total Variance (%)
Year	<b>1.1</b> [0.6; 1.9]	2
Trial (Year)	<b>6.9</b> [5.5; 86]	84
Rep (Year*Trial)	<b>1.6</b> [1.3; 2.0]	5
Residual noise	<b>2.3</b> [2.2; 2.5]	10



## Iowa State University small-plot trials

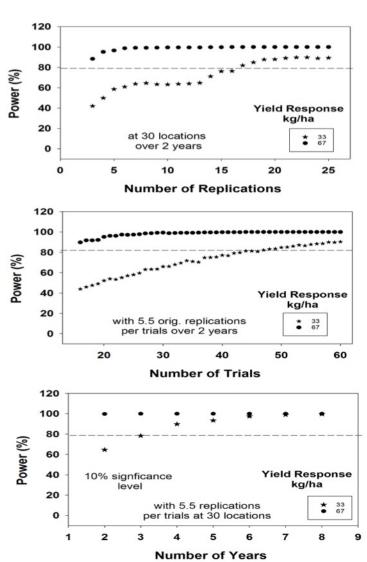
- Variance component analysis for ISU small plot Headline fungicide trials in 2008-2009
- Average yield response was 3.4 bu/acre (90% CI [2.0, 4.9])

Component	Standard deviation bu/acre [90% CI]	Total Variance (%)
Year	<b>5.8</b> [1.0; 33.0]	5
Location (Year)	<b>9.4</b> [6.5; 13.9]	57
Rep (Year*Trial)	<b>2.8</b> [1.8; 4.5]	22
Residual noise	<b>5.1</b> [4.4; 5.8]	16

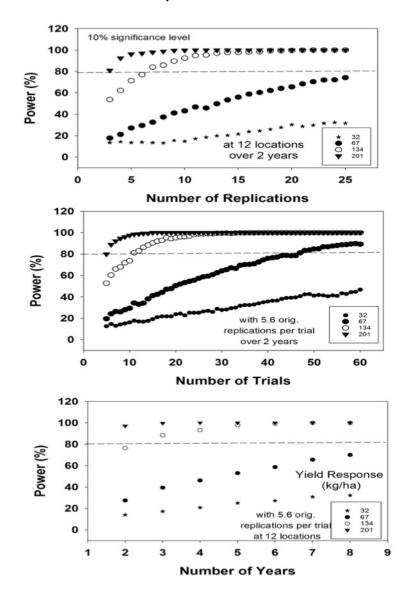


## Power Curves: On-Farm vs Small Plots

#### On-Farm Trials based on 2008-2009



#### Small-Plot Exp. based on 2008-2009



## On-Farm Strip Trial Advantages

- Farmers learn whether technologies or products work first hand on their fields
- Spatial analyses can be done to identify effects of soil properties and topography
- Easier to establish more locations to quantify potential interactions between yield response with environmental and management factors
- Less variability within trials
- Fewer trials, years and replications needed draw conclusions on product performance



## Small-Plot Advantages

- Easier to test many treatments in the same location
- Cost per treatment is typically much lower
- Easier to collect in-field/scouting data from trials (i.e. SCN soil sampling, or disease ratings)
- Better control when, where and how trials are implemented
- Less risk of losing trials



# QUESTIONS?

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